

AUDIT REPORT ON THE ACCOUNTS OF DISTRICT GOVERNMENT MIANWALI

AUDIT YEAR 2017-18

AUDITOR GENERAL OF PAKISTAN

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ABBREVIATIONS & ACRONYMS

AIR	Audit & Inspection Report
B&R	Buildings and Roads
BHU	Basic Health Unit
CD	Community Development
DAC	Departmental Accounts Committee
DDO	Drawing & Disbursing Officer
DCO	District Coordination Officer
DOH	District Officer Health
DHQ	District Headquarter
DNIT	Detail Notice for Inviting Tender
DTL	Drug Testing Laboratory
EDO	Executive District Officer
F&P	Finance and Planning
HSRP	Health Sector Reforms Programme
MFDAC	Memorandum for Departmental Accounts
MFDAC	Memorandum for Departmental Accounts Committee
MFDAC MRS	-
-	Committee
MRS	Committee Market Rate System
MRS MSD	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot
MRS MSD NAM	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot New Accounting Model
MRS MSD NAM OFWM	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot New Accounting Model On Farm Water Management
MRS MSD NAM OFWM PAC	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot New Accounting Model On Farm Water Management Public Accounts Committee
MRS MSD NAM OFWM PAC PAO	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot New Accounting Model On Farm Water Management Public Accounts Committee Principal Accounting Officer
MRS MSD NAM OFWM PAC PAO PFR	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot New Accounting Model On Farm Water Management Public Accounts Committee Principal Accounting Officer Punjab Financial Rules
MRS MSD NAM OFWM PAC PAO PFR PLGO	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot New Accounting Model On Farm Water Management Public Accounts Committee Principal Accounting Officer Punjab Financial Rules Punjab Local Government Ordinance
MRS MSD NAM OFWM PAC PAO PFR PLGO POL	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot New Accounting Model On Farm Water Management Public Accounts Committee Principal Accounting Officer Punjab Financial Rules Punjab Local Government Ordinance Petroleum Oil & Lubricants
MRS MSD NAM OFWM PAC PAO PFR PLGO POL PPRA	Committee Market Rate System Medical Store Depot New Accounting Model On Farm Water Management Public Accounts Committee Principal Accounting Officer Punjab Financial Rules Punjab Financial Rules Punjab Local Government Ordinance Petroleum Oil & Lubricants Punjab Procurement Regulatory Authority

PREFACE

Articles 169 and 170 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973 read with Sections 8 and 12 of the Auditor General (Functions, Powers and Terms and Conditions of Service) Ordinance, 2001 and Section 115 of the Punjab Local Government Ordinance, 2001 require the Auditor General of Pakistan to audit the accounts of the Provincial Governments and the accounts of any authority or body established by, or under the control of, the Provincial Government. Accordingly, the Audit of all Receipts and Expenditures of the District Government Fund and Public Account of District Government is the responsibility of the Auditor General of Pakistan.

The report is based on audit of the accounts of various offices of the District Government, Mianwali for the Financial Year 2016-17. The Directorate General of Audit District Governments, Punjab (North), Lahore, conducted audit during 2017-18 on test check basis with a view to reporting significant findings to the relevant stakeholders. The main body of the Audit Report includes only the systemic issues and significant audit findings. Relatively less significant issues are listed in the Annexure-A of the Audit Report. The Audit observations listed in the Annexure-A shall be pursued with the Principal Accounting Officer at the DAC level and in all cases where the PAO does not initiate appropriate action, the Audit observation will be brought to the notice of the Public Accounts Committee through the next year's Audit Report.

The audit results indicate the need for adherence to the regularity framework besides instituting and strengthening internal controls to prevent recurrence of such violations and irregularities.

The observations included in this Report have been finalized after discussion of Audit paras with the management. However, no Departmental Accounts Committee meeting by PAO was convened despite repeated requests.

The Audit Report is submitted to the Governor of the Punjab in pursuance of Article 171 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973 to cause it to be laid before the Provincial Assembly of Punjab.

> (Javaid Jehangir) Auditor General of Pakistan

Islamabad Dated:

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Directorate General Audit, District Governments, Punjab (North), Lahore, is responsible to carry out the Audit of District Governments, Tehsil / Town Municipal Administrations and Union Administrations of three City District Governments and sixteen District Governments. Its Regional Directorate of Audit, Sargodha has audit jurisdiction of District Governments, TMAs and UAs of four District Governments i.e. Sargodha, Khushab, Mianwali and Bhakkar.

The Regional Directorate has a human resource of 11 officers and staff, total 2,739 man days and the annual budget of Rs 14.220 million for the Financial Year 2017-18. It has mandate to conduct Financial Attest Audit, Regularity Audit and Compliance with Authority & Performance Audit of entire expenditure including programmes / projects & receipts. Accordingly, RDA Sargodha carried out Audit of accounts of District Government Mianwali for the Financial Year 2016-17.

The District Government, Mianwali conducts its operations under Punjab Local Government Ordinance, 2001. It comprises one Principal Accounting Officer (PAO) i.e. the District Coordination Officer (DCO) covering six groups of offices i.e. Agriculture, Community Development, Education, Finance & Planning, Health and Works & Services. The financial provisions of the Punjab Local Government Ordinance, 2001 require the establishment of District Government Fund comprising Local Government Fund and Public Account for which Annual Budget Statement is authorized by the Nazim / Council / Administrator in the form of budgetary grants.

Audit of District Government, Mianwali was carried out with a view to ascertaining whether the expenditure was incurred with proper authorization, in conformity with laws / rules / regulations for economical procurement of assets and hiring of services etc.

Audit of receipts / revenues was also conducted to verify whether the assessment, collection, reconciliation and allocation of revenues were made in accordance with laws / rules, resulting in no leakage of revenue.

a. Scope of Audit

Out of total auditable expenditure of Rs 3,539.218 million of the District Government, Mianwali for the Financial Year 2016-17 covering one PAO and 217 formations, the Regional Directorate of Audit, audited an expenditure of Rs 1,061.765 million which, in terms of percentage, was 30% of auditable expenditure. The RDA planned and executed audit of 35 formations i.e. 100% achievement against the planned audit activities.

Total receipts of the District Government Mianwali for the Financial Year 2015-16, were Rs 5.219 million, whereas, RDA audited receipts of Rs 1.879 million which was 36% of total receipts.

b. Recoveries at the Instance of Audit

Recovery of Rs 20.698 million was pointed out, which was not in the notice of executive before audit. However, no recovery was affected till compilation of this report.

c. Audit Methodology

The audit year 2017-18 witnessed intensive application of desk audit techniques in this directorate. This was facilitated by access to live SAP/R3 data, internet facility, and availability of permanent files. Desk review helped auditors in understanding the systems, procedures, and environment, and the audited entity before starting field activity. This greatly facilitated in the identification of high risk areas for substantive testing in the field.

d. Audit Impact

A number of improvements, as suggested by audit, maintenance of record and procedures have been initiated by the concerned departments, however, audit impact in shape of change in rules has been less materialized due to non-convening of regular PAC meetings. Had PAC meetings been regularly convened, audit impact would have been manifold.

e. Comments on Internal Control and Internal Audit Department

Internal control mechanism of District Government, Mianwali was not found satisfactory during audit. Many instances of weak Internal Controls have been highlighted during the course of audit which includes some serious lapses like withdrawal of public funds against the entitlement of employees. Negligence on the part of District Government authorities may be captioned as one of important reasons for weak Internal Controls.

Section 115-A (1) of PLGO, 2001 empowers Nazim of each District Government to appoint an Internal Auditor but the same was not appointed in District Government, Mianwali.

f. The Key Audit Findings of the Report

- i. Misappropriation of Rs 0.770 million was noted in two cases¹
- ii. Non production of record of Rs 217.007 million was noted in one case².
- iii. Irregularity and non-compliance of rules amounting to Rs 139.731 million was noted in six cases³.
- iv. Weaknesses of internal controls have been noted in six cases involving an amount of Rs 71.721 million⁴.
- v. Recoveries of Rs 19.928 million were pointed out in twelve $cases^5$

¹ Para: 1.2.1.1- 1.2.1.2

² Para: 1.2.2.1

³ Para: 1.2.3.1-1.2.3.6

⁴ Para:1.2.4.1, 1.2.4.3-1.2.4.6, & 1.2.4.8

⁵ Para:1.2.4.2, 1.2.4.7, 1.2.4.9-1.2.4.18

g. Recommendations

Head of the District Government needs:

- i. To take appropriate action for non-production of record.
- ii. To adhere Public Procurement Rules for economical and rational purchases of goods and services in transparent manner.
- iii. To hold inquiries to fix responsibility for non-recovery of overpayment, misappropriation of public funds, unauthorized and irregular expenditure.
- iv. To conduct physical stock taking of fixed and current assets on regular basis.

SUMMARY TABLES AND CHARTS

Table 1:Audit Work Statistics

			Rs in million
Sr. No.	Description	No.	Budget
1	Total Entities (PAOs) in Audit Jurisdiction	01	7,206.222
2	Total Formations in Audit Jurisdiction	217	7,206.222
3	Total Entities (PAOs) Audited	01	7,206.222
4	Total Formations Audited	35	1176.983
5	Audit & Inspection Reports	35	1176.983
6	Special Audit Reports	-	-
7	Performance Audit Reports	-	-
8	Other Reports	-	-

Table 2: Audit observation regarding Financial Management

Rs in million

Sr. No.	Description	Amount Placed under Audit Observation
1	Unsound asset management	-
2	Weak financial management	19.928
3	Weak internal controls relating to financial management	71.721
4	Violation of rules	139.731
5	Others	217.777
	TOTAL	449.157

Table 3:Outcome Statistics

Rs in million

Sr. No	Description	Expenditure on Acquiring of Physical Assets (Procurement)	Civil Works	Receipts	Others	Total current year	Total last year
1	Outlays audited		238.498	5.219	3,300.720	3,544.437*	1,352.525
2	Amount placed under audit observation / irregularities		13.476	-	435.681	449.157	651.071
3	Recoveries pointed out at the instance of audit		2.687	-	18.011	20.698	19.702

Sr. No	Description	Expenditure on Acquiring of Physical Assets (Procurement)	Civil Works	Receipts	Others	Total current year	Total last year
4	Recoveries accepted / established at the instance of audit	-	-	-	-	-	
5	Recoveries realized at the instance of audit	-	-	-	-	-	

*The amount in serial No.1 column of "Total Current Year" is the sum of Expenditure and Receipts whereas the total expenditure for the current year was Rs 3,539.218 million.

Table 4:Irregularities Pointed Out

		Rs in million
Sr. No.	Description	Amount Placed under Audit Observations
1	Violation of rules and regulations and principle of propriety and probity in public operations.	139.731
2	Reported cases of fraud, embezzlement, theft, and misuse of public resources.	0.770
3	Accounting Errors (accounting policy departure from NAM ⁶ , misclassification, over or understatement of account balances) that are significant but are not material enough to result in the qualification of audit opinions on the financial statements.	0
4	Quantification of weaknesses of internal control system.	71.721
5	Recoveries and overpayment, representing cases of establishment overpayment or misappropriation of public money.	19.928
6	Non-production of record	217.007
7	Others, including cases of accidents, negligence etc.	0
	TOTAL	449.157

Table 5:Cost-Benefit

		Rs in million
Sr. No	Description	Amount
1	Outlays Audited (Item 1of Table 3)	3,544.437
2	Expenditure on Audit	1.777
3	Recoveries realized at the instance of Audit	
4	Cost Benefit Ratio	

⁶ The Accounting Policies and Procedures Prescribed by the Auditor General.

CHAPTER-1

1.1 District Government, Mianwali

1.1.1 Introduction of Departments

As per Punjab Local Government Ordinance 2001, the activities of District Government are managed under the administrative control of a DCO who acts as a PAO assisted by EDOs distributing the work among the officers, branches and / or sections of each District Office. Following is the list of Departments which manage the activities of District Government:

- 1. District Coordination Officer
- 2. Executive District Officer (Agriculture)
- 3. Executive District Officer (Community Development)
- 4. Executive District Officer (Education)
- 5. Executive District Officer (Finance & Planning)
- 6. Executive District Officer (Health)
- 7. Executive District Officer (Works & Services)

Under Section 29(k) of the PLGO 2001, Executive District Officer (EDO) acts as Departmental Accounting Officer for his respective group of offices.

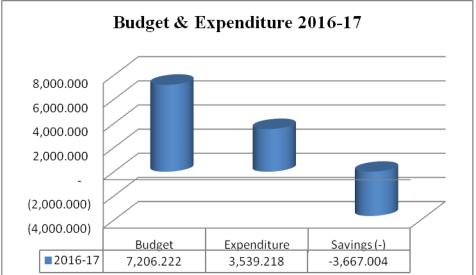
1.1.2 Comments on Budget and Accounts (Variance Analysis)

During Financial Year 2017-18 budgetary allocation (inclusive salary, non-salary and development) for District Government Mianwali was Rs 7,206.222 million whereas the expenditure incurred (inclusive salary, non-salary and development) during Financial Year was Rs 3,539.218 million, showing a saving of Rs 3,667.004 million for the period, which in terms of percentage was 51% of final budget as detailed below:

				Ks in million
FY: 2016-17	Budget	Expenditure	(-) Saving	%age of Saving
Salary	5,971.940	3,085.999	2,885.941	48
Non Salary	808.756	214.721	594.035	73
Development	425.526	238.498	187.028	44
Total	7,206.222	3,539.218	3,667.004	51

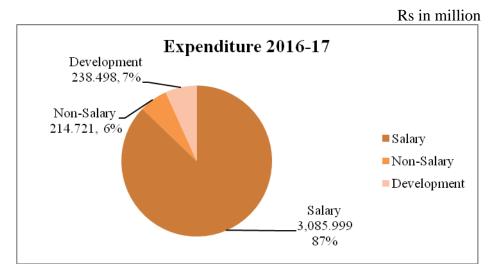
Dain million





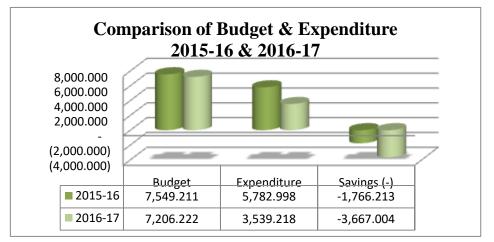
As per Appropriation Accounts 2016-17 of District Mianwali, the original and final budget was Rs 7,206.222 million. No supplementary grant was provided. Against the final budget, District Government, Mianwali incurred total expenditures of Rs 3,539.218 million during 2015-16.

The Salary, Non-salary and Development Expenditure comprised - 87%, 6% and 7% of the total expenditure, respectively.



The comparative analysis of the budget and expenditure of current and previous Financial Years showed that there was 5% decrease in Budget Allocation and 63% decrease in expenditure respectively as compared to previous Financial Year.

Rs in million



1.1.3 Brief Comments on the Status of MFDAC Audit Paras of Audit Report 2016-17

Audit paras reported in MFDAC of last year audit report which have not been attended in accordance with the directives of DAC have been reported in Part-II of Annexure-A.

1.1.4 Brief Comments on the Status of Compliance with PAC Directives

The audit reports pertaining to following years were submitted to the Governor of the Punjab:

Sr. No.	Audit Year	No. of Paras	Status of PAC Meetings
1	2002-03	25	Not convened
2	2003-04	28	Not convened
3	2004-05	20	Not convened
4	2005-08 F.Y (Special Audit)	155	Not convened
5	2009-10	32	Not convened
6	2010-11	20	Not convened
7	2011-12	24	Not convened
8	2012-13	17	Not convened

Status of Previous Audit Reports

Sr. No.	Audit Year	No. of Paras	Status of PAC Meetings
9	2013-14	16	Not convened
10	2014-15	24	Not convened
11	2015-16	21	Not convened
12	2016-17	28	Not convened

1.2 AUDIT PARAS

1.2.2 Misappropriation / Fraud

1.2.1.1 Misappropriation – Rs 0.404 million

According to Section 126 PLGO 2001, loss of property of local government' the responsibility for the loss of the local government shall be fixed by the concerned local government and the amount of the loss shall be recovered from the defaulting person and a report to this effect shall forthwith be submitted to the concerned council in the meeting next following.

During audit of District Officer (Buildings) for the Financial Year 2016-17, scrutiny of record revealed that Rs 845,000 were paid for renovation of building's rest house. As per record the department purchased 5 VIP sleeping bed and installed aluminum window for 250 sft in the rest house. On physical verification of the site it was found that only 3 sleeping beds and three small windows measuring 70sft were available in the rest house. Hence, the department charged / misappropriated Rs 404,560 as detailed below.

V. No &Date	Item	Qty Paid	Qty at site	Diff	Rate	Overpaid (Rs)	Remarks
282/Dao/ 29-6-16	Aluminum Windows	250 Sft	70 Sft	180	692	124,560	
-	VIP Sleeping Bed	1	1			0	Only Three bed rooms whereas
52 M/ 21-6-17	VIP Sleeping Bed	4	2	2	140000	280,000	five beds were purchased
					Total	404,560	

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal control, quantities were paid in excess over the actual purchased.

This resulted in misappropriation of Rs 404,560.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017 the formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends recovery of misappropriated amount besides fixing of responsibility against the person(s) at fault.

[PDP No.10]

1.2.1.2 Misappropriation of advance drawl – Rs 0.366 million

According to Rule 2.33 of PFR Vol I, every government servant should realize fully and clearly that he will be held personally responsible

for any loss sustained by government through fraud or negligence on his part.

MS THQ Isa khel drew advance of Rs 500,000 during the Financial Year 2016-17, against the sanction granted by the government of the Punjab for repair of machinery and equipment. The advance drawl of Rs 500,000 was deposited into official account No.4008207190 NBP Isa Khel branch on dated 15.06.2016. MS drew an amount of Rs 366,456 in six transactions from the bank account whereas record of incurring the expenditure of Rs 366,456 from advance drawl was not available in the office even laps of more than one year. Further, amounts were not shown in the cash book.

Date	Description	Amount (Rs)
23.06.16	Cash	45,312
23.06.16	Cash	249,600
06.06.16	Cash	42,744
14.11.16	Cash	4,000
17.11.16	Cash	20,000
17.11.16	Cash	4,800
	Total	366,456

Audit is of the view that due to weak financial control, amounts were drawn from bank without any documentary evidence, recorded in cash book. Hence, misappropriation cannot be ruled out.

This resulted in misappropriation of funds of Rs 366,456.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017 the formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends recovery besides fixing of responsibility against the person at fault.

[PDP No.51]

1.2.2 Non Production of Record

1.2.2.1 Non production of record – Rs 217.007 million

According to Section 14(1,2 & 3) of Auditor General's Functions, Powers and Terms and Conditions of Service, Ordinance, 2001, the Auditor-General shall conduct audit of the departments under of the control of the of Federation and of a Province and all authorities established there under. The officer in-charge of any office or department shall afford all facilities and provide record for audit inspection. Further, any person or authority hindering the auditorial functions of the Auditor General regarding inspection of accounts shall personally be responsible and dealt with under relevant Efficiency and Disciplinary Rules.

Drawing and Disbursing Officers of various formations did not produce record of Rs 217.007 million to audit. In the absence of record, authenticity, validity, accuracy and genuineness of expenditure could not be verified. Annexure-B

Audit is of the view that the relevant record of expenditure was either not maintained or concealed willfully which may lead to misappropriation and misuse of public resources.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the reply nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends fixing responsibility for non-production of record besides production of record to audit for the fulfillment of statutory provisions.

1.2.3 Irregularities / Non compliance

1.2.3.1 Blockage of public funds due to irrational release – Rs 105.904 million

According to rule 2.10 (b) (5) of PFR Vol-I no money is withdrawn from government treasury unless it is required for immediate disbursement.

The District Officer (Health) transferred Rs 112.283 million, during the Financial Year 2016-17 to the management of the PRSP and the management of the PRSP retained these funds of Rs 105.904 million, as un-spent balance on 1st July 2016, in the PRSP management account maintained in private bank. Audit noticed that the District Officer transferred the amount to the PRSP management more than their actual demand and PRSP management blocked these funds unnecessarily.

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal financial controls the funds were transferred more than the demand of the PRSP, irrationally.

This resulted in blockage of funds Rs 105.904 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends fixing the responsibility for blockage of funds due to irrational transfer of funds, against the person(s) at fault.

[PDP No. 20]

1.2.3.2 Irregular payment without DTL reports – Rs 14.993 million

According to Health Department's policy letter No. SO (P-I) H/RC 2001-2002/01, dated 29th September, 2001, no drug / medicine shall be accepted & used without the report of drug testing lab (DTL). Moreover, payment on account of drugs / medicines shall be released to the suppliers only on receipt of standard / positive DTL report.

The Drawing and Disbursing Officers of some formations of Mianwali purchases drugs/medicine from the different pharmaceuticals companies during the Financial Year 2016-17. The formations made payment of Rs 12.560 million without (DTL) drug test report. Detail is as under:

		(Rs in million)
Name of formation	PDP	Amount
MS THQ Hospital Piplan (Annexure-C)	10	1.059
EDO (Health) Mianwali (Annexure-C)	64	13.934
Total		14.993

Audit is of the view that payment on account of purchase of medicine was made without positive DTL reports willfully, to extend undue favor to suppliers.

This resulted in irregular payment of Rs 14.993 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends action against the persons at fault besides condemnation of irregularity from competent forum.

1.2.3.3 Irregular purchase without annual planning – Rs 11.712 million

According to section 8 of Punjab Procurement Rules 2014, a procuring agency shall, within one month from the commencement of a Financial Year, devise annual planning for all proposed procurements with the object of realistically determining the requirements of the procuring agency, within its available resources, delivery time or completion date and benefits that are likely to accrue to the procuring agency in future.

DCO Mianwali made payment of Rs 11.712 million under the head purchase of stationary and unforeseen during Financial Year2016-17. The formation neither advertised the procurement on web site as well as in any daily newspaper nor devised annual planning for all proposed procurements in violation of rule ibid. Hence, the formation deprived of the district government to purchase the items on competitive and economical rates.

Audit is of the view that advertisement on PPRA website was not given to avoid fair competition.

This resulted in irregular purchases of Rs 11.712 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends action against the person at fault and condemnation of irregularity from competent forum.

[PDP No.3, 5]

1.2.3.4 Irregular purchase without advertisement–Rs 6.196 million

According to rule 12(1) Punjab Procurement Rules, 2014, a procuring agency shall advertise procurement of more than one hundred thousand rupees and up to the limit of 2 million rupees on the website of the authority in the manner and format specified by regulation but if deemed in public interest, the procurement be advertised in at least one national daily newspaper.

Drawing and Disbursing Officers of following formations incurred an expenditure of Rs 5.622 million for the purchase of various items during 2016-17. The formations neither advertised the procurement on web site nor in any daily newspaper. Hence, the formation deprived of the district government to purchase the items on competitive and economical rates.

_				(Rs in million)
Sr. No.	Name of Formation	PDP No.	Description	Amount
1	Dy. DEO (W-EE) Piplan	32	Tab for schools	2.000
2	Dy. DEO (F-EE) Isakhel	38	Tab for schools	2.700
3	SMO RHC Tabbi Sar	2	White wash	0.341
4	SMO RHC Tabbi Sar	3	Stationary	0.197
5	SMO RHC Tabbi Sar	4	Printing	0.149
6	MS THQ Hospital Piplan	9	Different items	0.574
7	MS DHQ Hospital	6	Oxygen cylinder	0.235
			Total	6.196

Audit is of the view that advertisement on PPRA website was not given to avoid fair competition.

This resulted in irregular purchase of Rs 6.196 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends action against the defaulters and condemnation of irregularity from competent forum.

1.2.3.5 Irregular drawl from DDO bank account – Rs 0.794 million

According to Para No.4.49 of Punjab Sub Treasury Rule, payment of Rs. 100,000 and above to contractors and suppliers shall not be made in cash by the drawing and disbursing officers. MS THQ Hospital Isa Khel drew an amount of Rs 793,646 during Financial Year 2016-17 for making the payments to suppliers in cash instead of vendor's cheques during Financial Year 2016-17, in violation of rule ibid as detailed below.

Date	Transaction ID	Amount (Rs)
10.08.16	13825659	105,054
27.08.16	95829740	258,058
02.09.16	95829741	213,214
19.09.16	95829743	217,320
	Total	793,646

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal controls claims were drawn in cash in violation of criteria ibid.

This resulted in an irregular drawl of Rs 793,646.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends action against the defaulters and condemnation of irregularity from competent forum.

1.2.3.6 Non forfeiture of performance guarantee - Rs 0.132 million

According to condition # 10 (iii) penalty/L.D charges, if the supplier fails to supply the whole consignment and not able to deliver to consignee's end, the entire amount of performance guaranty / security shall be forfeited to the government account and the firm shall be blacklisted, minimum for two years, for future participation.

MS THQ Hospital Piplan issued the supply orders for the purchase of medicine of Rs 1.32 million to the pharmaceutical company but the firms did not supply the medicine. The formation neither forfeited the security not black listed the supplier's firm. Annexure-D

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal controls, neither 10% performance guarantee was forfeited nor the case forwarded to PPRA authority for blacklisting the firms.

This resulted in non forfeiture of performance guarantee of Rs 0.132 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends forfeiture of performance guarantee besides fixing of responsibility of against the person(s) at fault.

[PDP No.11]

1.2.4 Internal Control Weaknesses

1.2.4.1 Irregular auction of fruits - Rs 42.238 million

According to the Rule (5)(i)(v) of Auction Collection Rights 2003, a public notice for conduct of an auction, in not less than two national daily newspapers, shall be published by the local government through the office of the Director General, Public Relations, Punjab, at least seven days before the date of auction. Further public notice shall contain the minimum reserve price for auction and period of contract with rates and details.

The Drawing and Disbursing Officer of some formations of District Government Mianwali, during Financial Years 2013-17, auctioned the fruits garden and dry trees for Rs 42.238 million. The following irregularities were found:

- 1. The advertisement was neither made in two news paper nor on PPRA web site.
- 2. Auctioned was made without calculating the reserve price.
- 3. Earnest money was received in cash instead of in shape of CDR.

		(Rs in million)
Name of formations	PDP No.	Amount
Dy. DO Seed Farms Mianwali	3	27.000
Dy. DO Seed Farms Piplan	3	15.000
DO Live stocks	1	0.238
	Total	42.238

4. Contractors were not registered with District Government.

Audit held that due to negligence of the management, irregular auction of the fruits was made.

This resulted in irregular auction of the fruits of Rs 42.238 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends fixing of responsibility against the person(s) at fault besides condemnation of irregularity from competent forum.

1.2.4.2 Overpayment due to irregular drawl of allowances – Rs 7.953 million

As per government of the Punjab, Finance Department clarification issued vide No.FD.SR-1.9.4/86(P)(PR) dated 21.4.2014, the officers who are availing government vehicles including bikes (sanctioned/Pool) are not entitled the facility of conveyance allowance w.e.f. 01.3.2014. As per clarification issued by government of the Punjab, finance department letter No. FD(M-1)1-15/82-P-I dated 15.1.2000, in case a designated residence is available to the government servant, for whom it is meant, cannot draw HRA even if he does not reside in it. Moreover, conveyance allowance is not admissible during earned leave.

The Drawing and Disbursing Officers of some formations of District Government Mianwali made payment of Rs 7.953 million during Financial Year 2016-17 on accounts of house rent, conveyance and HSRA to the staff residing in government residence / designated residences were available and conveyance allowance during leave.

			(Rs in million)
Formation	Description	PDP	Amount
DO (Health)	HRA,CA having designated residences at BHUs	21	5.111
DO (Health)	CA, having facility of vehicle & POL	25	1.700
DO (Health)	Having government residence and POL facility from PRSP	27	0.259
MS THQ Piplan	HSRA not allowed at THQ level	08	0.010
SMO RHC Daud Khel	CA during leave	37	0.020
SMO RHC Kammar Mashani	HR and CA having government accommodation	15	0.045
SMO RHC Chakrala	Having designated residence	33	0.508
DO (Live stocks)	CA, having facility of vehicle & POL	03	0.180
Dy. DEO (M-EE) Mianwali	CA, having facility of vehicle & POL	19	0.120
		Total	7.953

Audit is of the view that due to weak pre-audit controls payment of allowances was made against rules.

This resulted in an overpayment of Rs 7.953 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meeting convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends recovery of the stated amount besides fixing the responsibility against the persons at fault.

1.2.4.3 Loss to government due to non utilization of bitumen – Rs 7.875 million

Section 126 – PLGO 2001 Loss of property of local government' "Responsibility and liability In case of any loss of property of the local government, the responsibility for such loss shall be fixed by the concerned Local Government and the amount of the loss shall be recovered from the defaulting person and a report to this effect shall forthwith be submitted to the concerned council in the meeting next following.

Scrutiny of record of the office of District Officer (Roads) revealed that 933 drums of bitumen valuing Rs 7.875 million were lying / dumped in the open compound of premises of the District Officer (Roads) since devolution i.e. 2001. The department neither utilized/shifted the bitumen to any other development scheme nor was auctioned.

Audit held that bitumen was lost due to negligence of the department.

This resulted in loss to government due to non utilization bitumen of Rs 7.875 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends making the loss good from the person(s) at fault.

[PDP No. 4]

1.2.4.4 Un-economical purchase of fertilizers – Rs 7.864 million

As per Rules 59 (c) of PPRA rules, a procuring agency may utilize the alternative methods of procurement of goods, services and works. A procuring agency shall only engage in direct contracting if any of the following conditions exist:

a- only one manufacturer or supplier exists for the required procurement but in such a case, the procuring agency shall specify the appropriate forum which may authorize procurement of proprietary object after due diligence; and b- when the price of goods, services or works is fixed by the government or any other authority, agency or body under the law.

The Drawing and Disbursing Officer of some formations of District Government Mianwali, during Financial Years 2013-17, paid Rs 7.864 million for purchase of fertilizers from the local market without quotations whereas it could be purchased directly from the manufacturer/producer (FFC) at the rates prescribed by the government.

		(Rs in million)
Name of formations	PDP	Amount
Dy. DO Seed Farms Mianwali	2	5.877
Dy. DO Seed Farms Piplan	2	1.987
	Total	7.864

Audit held that due to negligence of the management, fertilizer was purchased at un-economical rates.

This resulted in un-economical purchase of fertilizers of Rs 7.864 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this report.

Audit recommends recovery of amount excess paid due to uneconomical rates from the person at fault besides condemnation of irregularity from the competent authority.

1.2.4.5 Un-authorized transfer of profit –Rs 5.919 million

According to clause A(3) and (D) of agreement made between District Government Mianwali and Management of PRSP, the PRSP shall not charge a fee in any form for the performance of the management of the functions to which this Agreement relates. It shall, however, have a right to the actual cost incurred on the performance of management functions within the allocation.

The management of PRSP transferred bank profit of Rs 5.919 million to the project support unit Lahore. The bank profit was earned from the funds, transferred to the PRSP to meet the actual cost/expenses, by the District Government Mianwali. Audit observed that the PRSP management had no right on the amount of interest earned on the district government funds. Hence, transfer to the interest to the PRSP account at Lahore stood unauthorized / irregular.

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal controls, the PRSP management transferred profit/interest to Project Support Unit Lahore, unauthorizedly.

This resulted in un-authorized transfer of profit Rs 5.919 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of stated amount from PRSP and credit to district government.

[PDP No.26]

1.2.4.6 Excess transfer of budget to PRSP – Rs 5.315 million

According to rule 2.10(a)(1) of the PFR Vol-I "Same vigilance should be exercised in respect of expenditure incurred from Government revenues as a person of ordinary prudence would exercise in respect of the expenditure of his own money".

Scrutiny of income and budget record of PRSP Mianwali revealed that the formation deposited income of 10 Zila Council Dispensaries (ZCD) in government treasury whereas the budget of 12 zila council dispensaries was transferred to the account of the management of the PRSP. Audit is of the view that the formation had either demanded budget more than the dispensaries actual working in the district or receipt of 2 dispensaries were concealed.

Financial Year	Total Budget of 12	Budget Admissible	Excess Budget
	ZCDs	for 10 ZCDs	Transferred
2016-17	31,887,502	26,572,917	5,314,584

Audit is of the view that due to weak budgetary controls, either budget of closed health center and vacant posts were released to the management of the PRSP or the receipts of 2 dispensaries were misappropriated.

This resulted in excess transfer of budget of Rs 5.314 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends probe into the matter, fixing of responsibility against the person (s) at fault besides recovery/adjustment of the amount from PRSP.

[PDP No. 23]

1.2.4.7 Non deduction of income tax and sales tax – Rs 2.394million

According to Section 153 (1)(c) of Income Tax Ordinance 2001, every prescribed person making a payment in full or part including a payment by way of advance to a resident person for supply of goods, shall deduct tax @ 6% of the gross amount payable, if the person is a filer and 6.5% if the person is a non-filer. Further, according to FBR Hand-Book Clause 3, all withholding agent shall make purchases of taxable goods from a person registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990, provided that under unavoidable circumstances and for reasons to be recorded in writing, purchases are made from unregistered persons, the withholding agent shall deducted sales tax at prescribe rates of the value of taxable supplies made to him from payment due to the suppliers.

The Drawing Disbursing Officer of some formations of District Government Mianwali made payment to the contractors for rendering the services and purchase of various items. Neither sales tax nor income of Rs 2,394,354 was deducted at source.

Name of formation	Sales tax	Income tax	PDP	Total
Dy. DEO (M-EE) Isakhel	0	1,734,824	24	1,734,824
Dy. DEO (F-EE) Isakhel	66,699	66,277	39	132,976
Dy. DEO (F-EE) Piplan	85,985	90,844	33	176,829
Dy. DEO (F-EE) Mianwali	75,592	26,305	26	101,897
RHC Kundian		10,026	07	10,026
SMO RHC Wan Bachran	59,064	22,466	17,18,14	81,530
SMO RHC Hafizwala	17600	10,692	30,32	28,292
SMO RHC Chakrala		17,957	35	17,957
THQ Isa khel		18,982	55	18,982
THQ Kala Bagh		25,208	60	25,208
EDO (Health)		55,014	65	55,014
EDO (Education)		10,819	12	10,819
	Total			2,394,354

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal control, income tax and sales tax was not deducted at source.

This resulted in non deduction of income and sales tax of Rs 2.394 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of income tax and sales tax besides fixing of responsibility against the person(s) at fault.

1.2.4.8 Loss to government due to missing of fallen/dry trees – Rs 2.51 million

According to Section 126 PLGO 2001, the responsibility for the loss of the property of the local government shall be fixed by the concerned Local Government and the amount of the loss shall be recovered from the defaulting person and a report to this effect shall forthwith be submitted to the concerned council in the meeting next following. Further, 15.10(4) of PFR Vol I, articles of dead stock should be verified at least once a year and the result of verification recorded on the inventory. All discrepancies noticed must be properly investigated and brought to account immediately so that the inventory may represent the true account.

Scrutiny of record of the office of the District Officer (Buildings), revealed that 295 fallen/dry trees were available, in the premises of the buildings and roads compound, during the Financial Year 2011-12. As per record for the Financial Year 2016-17, these trees were 44 only. The department neither produced record of any auction or report of missing of trees to Audit. Audit observed that the trees/government assets were either misappropriated intentionally or were lost due to negligence of the management.

Audit held that theft was occurred due to weak assets managements and security measures.

This resulted into loss to the government of Rs 2.51 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of missing trees besides fixing responsibility against the person at fault.

[PDP No.5]

1.2.4.9 Irregular expenditure of pay and allowances – Rs 1.629 million

According to government of the Punjab Finance Department letter No. FD. SR 4-8-1/76 (Prov.) dated 16-03-1988, the shifting of head quarter of a government servant for the period of more than three months shall be with the concurrence of Finance Department.

The DDO of the some formations of District Government Mianwali paid Rs 1.629 million on account of pay & allowance to the staff posted in other department beyond the period of three months without the prior approval of the Finance Department.

Parent office	Name and BPS-11	Period	Rate of pay (Rs)	Amount (Rs)
DDOA(Ext) Isakhel	Naveed Raza	9-05-2012 to 31-10-16	19877	814,957
DDOA(Ext) Piplan	Qamar Abbas	9-05-2012 to 31-10-16	19877	814,957
			Total	1,629,914

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal control, irregular payment of pay & allowance was made to the officials during the general duty.

This resulted irregular payment of Rs 1.629 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends condemnation of irregularity from the competent authority besides fixing of responsibility of against the person(s) at fault.

[PDP No. 4 &1]

1.2.4.10 Non-credit of lapsed securities to government revenue-Rs 1.553 million

According to instruction laid down in article 399 CPWA code and 12.7 of PFR Vol-I, all lapsed, confiscated and unclaimed deposits lying for more than 03 complete years may be credit to government revenue / local fund.

Drawing and Disbursing Officers of following formations did not credit the security deposit of contractors, lying in the accounts for more than three years, into government treasury in violation of rule ibid.

		(R	s in million)
Sr. No	Name of formations	PDP	Amount
1	DO (Buildings) Annexure-E	1	0.528
2	DO (Roads)Annexure-F	6	1.025
	Total		1.553

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal controls the amount of lapsed security was not credited into government treasury.

This resulted in non credit of security deposit Rs 1.553 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends credit of security deposit in the relevant head, besides fixing of responsibility of against the person(s) at fault.

1.2.4.11 Non-recovery of conveyance allowance – Rs 1.242 million

According to Rule 1.15 of Punjab Travelling Allowance Rules 1976, conveyance allowance is not admissible during earned leave.

The Drawing and Disbursing Officer of the following formations paid the conveyance allowance to officer/ official during the LFP and LHP during the Financial Year 2016-17.

Name of Formation	PDP No.	Amount (Rs)
Dy. DEO (M-EE) Mianwali	22	27,818
Dy. DEO(W-EE) Piplan	28	447,142
Dy. DEO(W-EE) Isakhel	35	606,502
Dy. DEO (W-EE) Mianwali	25	29,495
Dy. DEO(M-EE) Piplan	17	131,810
	Total	1,242,767

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal control, overpayment of conveyance allowance was made during leave.

This resulted in non recovery of conveyance allowance of Rs1.242 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of conveyance allowance besides fixing of responsibility of against the person(s) at fault.

1.2.4.12 Non Recovery of penal rent from illegal occupants of government residence - Rs 1.178 million

According to government of the Punjab S&GAD letter No. E.O(S&GAD) policy 1942, dated 16.01.2002, 60% penal rent is to be recovered from the official occupying the government residence for which he is not entitled.

The following officers' illegally occupied the government residences at general nursing school and THQ hospital Piplan without their entitlement. The formations neither got the residences vacated from the unauthorized occupants nor recovery of penal rent were realized.

Sr. #	Name & Designation	Present place of posting	Period	Basic pay	Per month recovery 60%	Month	Total amount (Rs)
1	Dr. Zia u Rehman	DHQ	07/16 to 6/17	49680	29,808	12	357,996
2	Mr. Hamid Raza PDP 12	TMO Piplan	07/15 to 6/17	57,000	34,200	24	820,800
						Total	1,178,796

Audit is of the view that the department neither got vacated the houses from the illegal occupants nor recovered penal rent from them.

This resulted in non recovery of penal rent of Rs 1.178 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends vocation of residences from the illegal occupants besides recovery of penal rent.

[PDP No. 50 & 12]

1.2.4.13 Non recovery of government dues – Rs 1.134 million

As per para 76 (1) of government of the Punjab, local government and rural development department (Budget) Rules, 2003, the primary obligation of the collecting officers shall ensure that all revenue due is claimed, realized and credited immediately into local government fund under proper receipt head.

Scrutiny of record of the drawing and disbursing officers of some formations for the Financial Year 2016-17 revealed that government dues, penalties, lease rent, auction money, advance increments and recovery of stolen trees were lying pended since long. The formations neither recovered the government dues nor credited to the government account. Detail is as under:

Formation	Nature of dues/recovery	PDP	Amount (Rs)
D O (Roads)	Penalty imposed by the department against sub-engineer	1	432,840
D O (Roads)	D O (Roads) Lease rent from petrol pumps		240,000
Dy. DO Seed farms Mianwali	Auctioned money	4	440,000
D O Buildings	Recovery of stolen trees	6	22,000
		Total	1,134,840

Audit held that due to weak financial control the government dues / penalties were not recovered from the defaulters.

This resulted in non recovery of government dues of Rs 1.134 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of government money besides fixing of responsibility against the person(s) at fault.

1.2.4.14 Non recovery of school inspection fee - Rs 852,000

According to government of the Punjab, educational department's Notification No SO(A-1)7-21 / 81 dt 24.08.1998, the annual inspection fee @ Rs1,000 shall be charged from all the registered private schools.

EDO (Education) Mianwali did not recover the annual inspection fee @ Rs 1,000 from 426 private school registered in the district during the Financial Years 2015-17.

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal controls, annual inspection fee was not recovered from private schools.

This resulted in non recovery of inspection fee of Rs 852,000.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of inspection fee besides fixing responsibility against the person(s) at fault.

[PDP No. 07]

1.2.4.15 Less recovery of withholding tax – Rs 611,415

According to section 236-A of income tax ordinance 2001, 10% withholding tax will be charged on making sale by public auction / tender of any property or goods, including award of any lease to any person.

Drawing and Disbursing Officers of some formations auctioned the fruits garden and old building material and deducted income tax @5% against the permissible rate of 10% of the auction amount. Hence the department recovered income tax less than the prescribed rates. Detail is as under

Name of Formations	Financial Year	PDP	Detail	Amount of auction (Rs)	Less deduction (Rs)
D O Buildings	2016-17	7	Old building material	1527478	114,560
Dy. D O Seed farms Mianwali	2013-14	1	Fruit Garden	6,571,771	328,589
Dy. D O Seed farms Piplan	2013-14	1	Fruit Garden	3365321	168,266
Total					611,415

Audit held that due to negligence of the management, withholding tax was less recovered.

This resulted in less recovery of withholding tax of Rs 611,415.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of less deduction of income tax besides fixing of responsibility against the person(s) at fault.

1.2.4.16 Non recovery of social security benefits from the regularized staff - Rs 511,236

According to clause 6 of terms and conditions of appointment letter of employees of education department, the appointees upon regularization shall not be entitled to the payment of 30% social security benefits in lieu of pension or any other pay package, being drawn by them, during the contract period.

Drawing and Disbursing Officer of some formations did not recover Rs 511,236 on account of social security benefit @ 30% of basic pay of staff of different scales/category after regularization of their services in violation of rules ibid.

Name of formation	PDP No	Amount (Rs)
Dy. DEO (MEE) Mianwali	21	284,020
Dy. DEO (WEE) Mianwali	24	227216
	Total	511,236

Audit held that due to weak internal and financial disciplines overpayment of SSBs was not recovered.

This resulted in non recovery of Rs 1.654 million.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of stated amount from concerned.

1.2.4.17 Non recovery on account of advance increments – Rs 0.499 million

According to Notification No.FD.PR.21-30/13 dated 17-11-2014 Government of Punjab Finance department Lahore, the advance increment granted from time to time on acquiring higher qualification over and above the qualification prescribed for the post shall ceased to be paid from cut of date i.e. 23-09-2013. Further, all the incremental financial benefit granted prior to the cutoff date shall not be recovered from the beneficiary. However benefit/increment allowed after cutoff date shall be recovered from the concerned teachers.

Deputy District Education Officer (M-EE) Isakhel continued to make payment of advance increments upto 2016-17 to the teachers.

Audit held that due to failure of administrative control and financial discipline inadmissible advance increments were paid to teachers.

This resulted in non recovery of advance increments of Rs 499,355.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of overpayment of advance increments.

1.2.4.18 Overpayment of GST and income tax – Rs 371,661

According to Section 153 (1) of Income Tax Ordinance 2001, every prescribed person making a payment in full or part including a payment by way of advance to a resident person shall deduct GST and Income Tax at the prescribed rates.

Scrutiny of record of the office of Drawing and Disbursing Officers of some formations of district government Mianwali, revealed that the formations received supplies, services from different vendors during the previous years but did not deduct GST and income tax from their payment claims. Further, the formations, during the Financial Year 2016-17, deposited/paid Rs 371,661 into the treasury as GST and income tax from the government account on behalf of the vendors. Audit noticed that instead of recovery of income tax and GST from the vendors, the department paid the same from the government account and hence committed serious irregularity. Detail is as below.

Name of Formation	PDP No.	Amount (Rs)
Schools under the control of Dy. DEO (W-EE) Piplan	30	220,233
Schools under the control of Dy. DEO (W-EE) Isakhel	41	151,428
Total		371,661

Audit is of the view that due to weak internal control, sales tax and income tax was paid incorrectly,

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formations neither submitted the replies nor were DAC meetings convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends recovery of overpayment of sales tax and income tax from the vendors besides fixing of responsibility of against the person(s) at fault.

1.2.5 Performance

1.2.5.1 Non-utilization of IT labs due to not appointing IT teachers in 43 IT labs

According to rule 2.33 of PFR Vol-I, every government servant should fully realize that he will be held personally responsible for any loss sustained by government through fraud or negligence.

EDO (Education) established 120 IT labs in high schools of Mianwali, only 77 IT teachers were appointed whereas 43 posts of IT teachers were vacant upto the date of audit. Either these labs remained non-functional or handed over to non-specialized teachers. In absence of specialized IT teachers, labs in these schools could not be utilized efficiently and effectively. Further, the warranty period of the IT equipment was expired without utilization.

Audit held that due to weak internal controls/mismanagement value of money expended on establishment of IT labs could not be achieved.

Non utilization of IT labs resulted in Socio economic loss.

The matter was reported to PAO/DC in November, 2017. The formation neither submitted the reply nor was DAC meeting convened till finalization of this Report.

Audit recommends fixing of responsibility against the person(s) at fault.

ANNEXURES

PART-I

Memorandum for Departmental Accounts Committee Paras Pertaining to Audit Year 2017-18

Sr. #	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Description of Para	Nature of Para	Amount (Rs)
1	1	SMO RHC Tabi Sar	Irregular expenditure without technical sanction	Irregularity	341,640
2	5	MS DHQ	Misappropriation on account of Machinery & Equipment repair	Weak internal control	192,920
3	15	RHC Wan Bhachran	Un-Authorized payment on account of Transportation Charges	Irregularity	48,100
4	16	Бпаспгап	Over Payment of GST on account of Printing Material	Recovery	37,473
5	24	D O (Health)	Doubtful Expenditure in Excess of Budget Demands	Weak internal control	17,103,525
6	28		Non-verification of receipt from treasury	Weak internal control	160,744
7	29	RHC Hafizwala	Non-deposit of receipt in treasury	Recovery	19,530
8	31		Purchase of X-Ray Films at Exorbitant Rates	Irregularity	57,072
7	34	RHC	Non-verification of receipt from treasury	Weak internal control	150,750
8	36	Chakrala	Purchase of X-ray films at higher rates	Weak internal control	11,171
9	38	RHC Daud	Non deduction of House Rent Allow against designated residences	Recovery	-
10	39	Khel	Excessive expenditure Without deducting discount on local purchase of medicines	Weak internal control	35,136
11	41	RHC Kammar Mushani	Non deduction of House Rent Allow against designated residences	Recovery	-
12	42		Recovery of House Rent Allow	Recovery	-
13	43	RHC Targ	Excessive expenditure Without deducting discount on local purchase of medicines Recovery	Weak internal control	14,304
14	45		Overpayment on account of Gas charges & Electricity bills	Recovery	45,441
15	46	General	Doubtful expenditure on repair of vehicle	Weak internal control	329,500
16	47	Nursing School	Overpayment due to non deduction of stipend of absentee students	Recovery	13,401
17	48		Irregular Payment on A/c of Travelling allowance	Irregularity	24,000
18	56	THQ Isa	Un-authorized retention of	Irregularity	296,412

Sr. #	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Description of Para	Nature of Para	Amount (Rs)
		khel	Govt. funds		
19	52		Unauthorized expenditure	Weak internal control	1,600,000
20	54		Unauthorized collection of ultra sound and ECG fee	irregularity	204,66
21	58	THQ Kala	Unauthorized expenditure	Weak internal control	1,892,000
22	59	Bagh	Unauthorized collection of ultra sound and ECG fee	irregularity	321,451
23	62		Irregular expenditure due to shifting of Head quarter	Irregularity	0
24	63	EDO Health	Non-Surrender of Saving	Weak internal control	4,204,829
25	66		Un-Authorized payment to Employee after attaining the age of Superannuation	Irregularity	-
26	2		Non deduction of GST	Recovery	4,212,373
27	4		Non surrendering of	Weak internal	1,164,094,
21	4	Dy.DEO M-	anticipated savings	control	030
28	5	EE Isakhel	Non Condemnation of Official Vehicle No.MIA-2132	Weak internal control	200,000
29	6		Charge allowance	Weak internal control	175,000
30	8		Non-auction/Non-disposal of 5th Class Examination Stationary/Raddi Worth thousands of rupees	Weak internal control	-
31	11	EDO	Non-recovery of PST	Weak internal control	115,404
32	13	Education	Non-verification of Receipt	Weak internal control	234,500
33	14	-	Un-authorized Approval of Private Schools without Fitness Certificate of DO Buildings	Weak internal control	-
34	19	Dy.DEO M- EE Mianwali	Irregular payment on account of Inspection Allowance	Irregularity	540,000
35	23	Dy.DEO W- EE Mianwali	Irregular payment on account of Inspection Allowance	Irregularity	420,000
36	34	D. DEC	Overpayment of Pay and allowance	Recovery	7000,000
37	29	Dy.DEO (W-EE)	Overpayment of conveyance allowance	recovery	632,668
38	32	- Piplan	Un-authorized expenditure	Weak internal control	20,000,000
39	40	DUDEO	Irregular payment of GST	Irregularity	103,905
40	36	Dy.DEO (W-EE) Isa	Overpayment of conveyance allowance	Recovery	649,160
41	37	khel	Un-authorized expenditure	Weak internal	37,000,000

Sr. #	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Description of Para	Nature of Para	Amount (Rs)	
				control		
42	2		Theft of Govt Vehicle No.	Weak internal		
42	2		LOZ 8548	control	-	
			Non Collection of			
43	3		Professional Tax from	Recovery	310,000	
		DO	Contractor			
44	8	(Buildings)	Less Deduction of GST	Recovery	59787	
		(Buildings)	Un-authorized payment			
45	4		without unapproved M&R		17,000,000	
		_	plan			
46	9		Non realization of Enlistment	Recovery	765,000	
40			/ Renewal Fee	Recovery	705,000	
47	2	DO	Non collection of Professional	Recovery	99,000	
77	2	(Roads)	Tax from Contractor	Recovery	,000	
48	1		Non recovery of embezzled	recovery	4,361,270	
40		_	amount	2	4,301,270	
49	2		Extraordinary Expenditure	Weak internal	16,849,871	
-12		_	under Contingencies Head	control	10,049,071	
50	4	DCO	Less deduction of Income Tax	Recovery	22,021	
51	6	Deo	Misuse of government	Weak internal	5,000,000	
51	0	_	property	control	5,000,000	
				Irregular drawls of amounts	Weak internal	
52	7		by exercising controlling	control	16,849,871	
			power			
53	4		Doubtful payment of Pay and	Weak internal	6,252,819	
55	4	_	allowances	control	0,252,017	
54	5	DO (Live	Non deposit of Semen receipts	Weak internal	83,000	
54	5	stocks)		control	05,000	
55	6		Recovery of Irregular Drawl	Recovery	150,912	
55	0		of House Rent Allowance		150,712	
56	1		Non achievement of target of	Weak internal	39,728,498	
50	1	DO Excise	receipts	control	57,720,470	
57	2	and taxation	Non surrendering of	Weak internal	9,545,496	
57	2	and taxation	anticipated savings	control),545,490	
58	3		Blockage of public money/non	Weak internal	359,000	
50	5		utilization of funds	control	337,000	
			Irregular expenditure incurred			
59	1		over and above the budget	Irregularity	126,105	
		DO	allocation			
		Agriculture	Blockage of Public	Weak internal		
60	2		Money/Non utilization of	control	402,340	
			Funds			
61	1		Recovery of overpayment	Recovery	256,726	
62	2		Overpayment of bricks	Recovery	346,447	
63	3		Overpayment of sands	Recovery	12,964	
64	4	DO (OFWM)	Overpayment of cements	Recovery	63,642	
65	5		Illegal deduction of GST on	Weak internal	45,944	
05	5		Sand exempted from sales tax	control	40,944	
			Un-authorized expenditure			
66	6		incurred on the installation of	Irregularity	280,968	
			Nakkahs			

Sr. #	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Description of Para	Nature of Para	Amount (Rs)
67	7		Non achievement of target according to time bound action plan 2015-16 under irrigated PIPIP	Weak internal control	-
68	9		Execution of water courses without valid TS	Weak internal control	9,817,106
69	8		Non achievement of target of laser land leveling for the year 2016-17	Weak internal control	-
70	1	Dy. D O (Agri. Ext.) Isa khel	Irregular Expenditure Incurred over and Above Budget Allocation	Irregularity	10,408,000
71	1	Dy. D O (Agri. Ext.) Mianwali	Loss to the Government due to non-cultivation of seasonal crops on the immoveable land assets of Rs: 1148094	Weak internal control	1,148,094
72	2	Mianwali	Non auction of precious dry wood	Weak internal control	400,000
73	1	Dy. DO (OFWM)	Non action of vehicle No LHR-8471	Weak internal control	300,000
74	2	(OF WM) Mianwali	Excess drawl of Adhoc Allowance 2010	Weak internal control	2,000
75	1	Dy. DO (OFWM) Piplan	Non Action Of Vehicle No LOP-5316	Weak internal control	400,000
76	15	Dy.DEO (M-EE)	Irregular expenditure on development /construction by school councils	Weak internal control	0
77	16	Piplan	Overpayment of conveyance allowance	recovery	470,596

PART-II

[Para 1.1.3]

Memorandum for Departmental Accounts Committee Paras Pertaining to Last Audit Year 2015-16

					s in million
Sr. No.	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Title of Para	Nature of Irregularity	Amount
1	1		Non-reimbursement of Expenditure	Irregularity	4.120
2	2		Doubtful payment	Irregularity	3.500
3	3		Loss to government due to non- deduction of Income Tax @ 10%	Recovery	0.067
4	4		Less deduction of Income Tax	Recovery	0.022
5	6		Doubtful repair of furniture	Irregularity	0.499
6	7		Irregular expenditure on Tentage	Irregularity	0.611
7	8	DCO	Irregular payment of financial assistance to the families of employees of provincial government	Irregularity	12.100
8	9		Irregular Expenditure on printing material	Irregularity	0.297
9	10		Un-Authorized Payment of Adhoc Allowances	Internal Control Weakness	0.007
10	11		Mis-use of government property	Irregularity	5.000
11	12		Blockage of Govt. money	Irregularity	9.974
12	15		Overpayment for bricks	Internal Control Weakness	2.011
13	16		Overpayment for cement	Internal Control Weakness	0.370
14	17		Overpayment for sand	Internal Control Weakness	0.069
15	18	DO	Irregular Drawal of TA / DA	Irregularity	0.170
16	19	(OFWM)	Irregular Drawl of TA / DA	Irregularity	0.230
17	20		Irregular Drawal of TA / DA	Irregularity	0.168
18	22		Non Recovery of Unspent Balance	Recovery	0.383
19	23		Loss to the Govt. due to increase of material rates	Internal Control Weakness	0.055
20	24		Un-authorized expenditure on of installation of Nakkahs -	Irregularity	0.350
21	25		Loss to Government due to non-auction of unserviceable vehicles	Irregularity	1.000
22	31		Non collection of contractors Enlistment & renewal fee-	Recovery	1.100
23	32	DO Roads	Non-recovery of lease rent of petrol pumps	Recovery	0.500
24	33		Non Collection of Professional Tax from Contractor	Recovery	.189
25	34		Doubtful expenditure on repair of vehicle	Irregularity	1.132
26	39		Overpayment on Account of Rural Compensatory Allowance -	Recovery	0.108
27	41		Overpayment of GST	Recovery	0.030
28	42	RHC Daud	Unauthorized/ Illegal purchase of LP medicine	Irregularity	0.188
29	43	Khel	Embezzlement	Internal Control Weakness	0.116
30	44]	Non Recovery of monthly Rent from GGPS	Recovery	0.395
31	45	1	Non verification of receipts from	Internal Control	0.136

Sr. No.	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Title of Para	Nature of Irregularity	Amount
			Government treasury	Weakness	
32	46		Embezzlement of Laboratory fees	Internal Control Weakness	0.033
33	47		Overpayment of GST	Recovery	0.018
34	48		Doubtful drawl of bills	Irregularity	0.148
35	49		Embezzlement/misappropriation	Irregularity	0.086
36	50		Non Verification of GST.	Internal Control Weakness	0.093
37	51		Unauthorized payment of GST	Internal Control Weakness	0.055
38	52	RHC Trug	Non verification of receipts from Government treasury	Internal Control Weakness	0.086
39	53	Kile hug	Un authorized purchase of LP Medicine	Internal Control Weakness	0.684
40	54		Un-authorized drawl of payment on account of purchase of medicine having failed DTL	Internal Control Weakness	0.079
41	55		Loss to Govt. due to purchase on high rate	Internal Control Weakness	0.111
42	58		Overpayment on Account of Rural Compensatory Allowance -	Recovery	0.070
43	59		Unauthorized transfer of medicine	Internal Control Weakness	0.316
44	62		Unauthorized expenditure	Irregularity	0.000
45	67	DO (Health)	Non deposit of recovery of pay and allowances	Recovery	0.316
46	69	DO (Healui)	Non deposit of government receipts	Recovery	0.101
47	72		Loss due to non-auction of unserviceable vehicles	Internal Control Weakness	0.500
48	73		Excess Expenditure	Internal Control Weakness	4.169
49	76		Doubtful payment	Irregularity	1.298
50	77		Doubtful expenditure	Irregularity	0.331
51	78	DO Sports	Unauthorized expenditure on hire charges of tentage and sports material	Irregularity	0.109
52	79		Unauthorized transferred of the funds	Internal Control Weakness	0.100
53	80		Loss to Government due to non-transfer of Agricultural Land	Internal Control Weakness	3.250
54	81	DO Agriculture	Unjustified auction of Trees	Internal Control Weakness	6.065
55	82	Agriculture	Unauthorized deposit of Auction Money	Internal Control Weakness	6.065
56	86		Non-surrendering of Savings	Irregularity	0.275
57	88		Non reconciliation of receipt	Internal Control Weakness	3.471
58	89	DO Live Stock	Unjustified expenditure on medicines due to lack of inspection	Internal Control Weakness	6.000
59	90	SIUCK	Loss to the government	Irregularity	0.295
60	91		Non utilization of Development fund	Irregularity	0.779
61	92		Irregular repair of Government Vehicle	Irregularity	0.103
62	93		Non-utilization of government Assets	Irregularity	1.000
63	94	RHC	Loss to the government property	Irregularity	1.500
64	95	Kammar	Loss to the government	Irregularity	1.948
65 66	96	Mushani	Govt. receipts not verified	Irregularity	0.185
nn	97]	Non imposition of Liquidated damages Unjustified expenditure on transportation	Recovery Irregularity	0.008

Sr. No.	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Title of Para	Nature of Irregularity	Amount
			of goods		
68	99		Unauthorized retention of government	Irregularity	0.075
69	101		Non surrendering of savings in the budget	Irregularity	1.213
70	102		Excess expenditure	Irregularity	1.096
71	103		Misappropriation of stores and stock	Irregularity	0.351
72	105		Unauthorized payment of GST	Irregularity	0.127
73	106		Unauthorized purchase of patient sponge	Irregularity	0.123
74	107		Unauthorized expenditure	Irregularity	0.140
75	109	THQ	Doubtful consumption of stores & stock	Irregularity	1.784
76	110	Hospital	Wasteful expenditure	Irregularity	0.711
77	111	Piplan	Overpayment	Recovery	0.025
78	113		Non utilization of the medicine budget	Irregularity	2.557
79	115		Unauthorized expenditure	Irregularity	.176
80	116		Unauthorized occupant of government residence involving loss	Irregularity	0.180
81	117		Un-authorized purchase of Sub-standard medicine	Irregularity	0.023
82	118		Loss to the Govt. due to non-deduction of LD charges	Recovery	0.049
83	119	RHC Hafiz Abad	Non-obtaining of Performance Guarantee	Internal Control Weakness	0.054
84	121	Abad	Purchase of LP medicine without discount resulting loss	Internal Control Weakness	0.047
85	123		Non verification of Receipt Deposits	Internal Control Weakness	0.170
86	124		Non Deposit of Govt. Receipt	Recovery	0.020
87	126		Non-obtaining of Performance	Internal Control	0.063
07	120		Guarantee	Weakness	0.003
88	127	RHC Tabbi	Irregular payment of pay and allowances	Irregularity	0.421
89	128	Sar	Loss to the Govt. due to non-obtaining of GST invoices from suppliers	Internal Control Weakness	0.104
90	130		Non disbursement of supplier payment	Internal Control Weakness	0.157
91	131		Doubtful expenditure on account of repair of X-ray Machines	Irregularity	0.100
92	132		Un-economical purchase of X-ray items	Irregularity	0.152
93	133		Un-authorized use of medicine without DTL Reports	Irregularity	0.0 86
94	135		Irregular expenditure on account of medicine due to non-maintenance of expense book of indoor and emergency wards	Irregularity	1.267
95	136	SMO RHC Mochh	Un-economical purchase of cost of other items	Irregularity	.090
96	137		Purchase of LP medicine without discount resulting loss	Internal Control Weakness	0.055
97	138		Doubtful purchase of LP Medicine due to non accountal of medicine into LP stock Register	Internal Control Weakness	0.050
98	139		Purchase of LP Medicine in excess of admissible limit	Internal Control Weakness	0.129
99	140		Loss to the Govt. due to non-obtaining of GST invoices from suppliers	Internal Control Weakness	0.092
100	142	DO Buildings	Irregular expenditure on account of transfer of funds for electrification to FESCO	Internal Control Weakness	28.739

Sr. No.	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Title of Para	Nature of Irregularity	Amount
101	143		Irregular payment over and above TS estimate	Internal Control Weakness	0.169
102	145		Loss to the Govt. due to less deduction of Income Tax	Recovery	0.085
103	148		Overpayment due to allowing excessive rate for RCC work	Recovery	0.569
104	149		Overpayment	Recovery	0.134
105	150		Overpayment to contractor on account of brick work	Recovery	1.406
106	151		Irregular release of premature securities	Internal Control Weakness	1.329
107	153		Overpayment to the contractor due to non-deduction of shrinkage	Recovery	0.128
108	154		Irregular purchase of store items	Internal Control Weakness	0.445
109	156		Non Recovery of Professional Tax	Recovery	0.430
110	157		Un-authorized payment of additional income tax to FBR	Internal Control Weakness	0.668
111	159		Over-payment	Recovery	0.024
112	160	Secretary RTA	Non-maintenance/Non Production of auditable record	Irregularity	-
113	162		Unauthorized expenditure	Irregularity	-
114	164		Irregular purchase on account of purchase of machinery and equipment	Internal Control Weakness	3.818
115	166		Non recording of receipt on account of Drug License Fee	Internal Control Weakness	0.712
116	167	EDO (Health)	Irregular expenditure	Irregularity	0.168
117	168	(riealui)	Loss due to Less/Non deduction of Income Tax	Recovery	0.022
118	169		Non for feature of 5% security	Recovery	0.203
119	171		Loss to the Govt. due to Un-authorized absent from duty	Internal Control Weakness	-
120	172		Non disbursement of supplier payment	Internal Control Weakness	0.259
121	173		Un-lawful retention	Internal Control Weakness	0.041
122	174		Unauthorized expenditure beyond delegated financial powers –	Internal Control Weakness	0.171
123	175		Loss to the Govt. due to non-deduction of LD charges	Internal Control Weakness	0.063
124	176		Loss to the Govt. due to non-imposition of penalty on defaulter contractors	Recovery	70,234
125	177	THQ	Payment on account of Purchase of Medicines without DTL Reports	Internal Control Weakness	0.044
126	178	Hospital Kala Bagh	Unjustified expenditure to avoid open competition by splitting Indents,	Internal Control Weakness	0.788
127	179	Bugn	Overpayment on account of POL	Recovery	0.020
128	180		Un-justified payment on account of Mobil Oil for Generator	Irregularity	0.016
129	182		Purchase of LP Medicine in excess of admissible limit	Internal Control Weakness	1.544
130	185		Irregular payment of pay and allowances	Irregularity	1.457
131	186		Irregular Drawl of NPA allowance amounting	Recovery	0.064
132	187		Overpayment on account of inadmissible allowances	Recovery	0.009
133	188		Non-obtaining of Performance	Internal Control	0.091

Sr. No.	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Title of Para	Nature of Irregularity	Amount
110.	110.	1 of mation	Guarantee	Weakness	
134	189		Loss to the Govt. due to non-obtaining of GST Invoices	Internal Control Weakness	0.085
135	190		Irregular payment of pay and allowances during absent period	Internal Control Weakness	-
136	191		Irregular Expenditure on POL	Irregularity	9.806
137	192		Overpayment on Account of Rural Compensatory Allowance -	Recovery	0.007
138	194		Un-necessary purchase of Mattress by violating PPRA rules -	Internal Control Weakness	0.990
139	195		Mis-Classified Expenditure on purchase of Lab Items	Internal Control Weakness	0.416
140	196		Less Deduction of Income Tax on repair vouchers	Recovery	0.208
141	199		USE of Medicine without Conducting DTL	Internal Control Weakness	-
142	200		Less Allocation of Budget to life saving medicine	Irregularity	-
143	201	DHQ	Non forfeiture of Securities of firms failed to supply Medicine in time	Recovery	0.086
144	202	Hospital	Hospital is operating without anti Rabic Medicine & Dexsamathosne	Internal Control Weakness	-
145	204		Acceptance of Medicine without requirement	Internal Control Weakness	-
146	205		Saving in Non Salary Budget deprived poor public	Irregularity	11.876
147	208		Non Deduction of 10% income tax on doctors Shares	Recovery	0.137
148	209		Non Imposition of Liquidity Damages	Recovery	0.218
149	211		Consumption of medicine against wrong DTL report	Irregularity	0.153
150	212		Acceptance of Medicine without Manufacturing & Expiry Date	Internal Control Weakness	-
151	214		Less deduction of Income Tax on account of printing material	Recovery	0.038
152	215		Irregular expenditure	Irregularity	0.371
153	216		Doubtful / irregular purchase of LP Medicines	Internal Control Weakness	0.268
154	217		Irregular payment of GST to vendors having non-active and suspended STRN	Internal Control Weakness	0.013
155	218	RHC	Un-authorized drawl of payment on account of purchase of medicine having failed DTL	Internal Control Weakness	0.033
156	219	Kundian	Loss to government due to non-deposit of Ambulance Charges	Recovery	0.017
157	220		Loss to Govt. due to purchase of L.P Medicines on higher rates than Recovery thereof.	Internal Control Weakness	0.007
158	221		Un-justified issuance of substandard medicines	Internal Control Weakness	0.012
159	223		Irregular purchase of general store items in violation of PPRA Rules	Internal Control Weakness	0.387
160	224	THQ Hospital Isa	Irregular purchase of bedding & clothing items in violation of PPRA Rules	Internal Control Weakness	0.244
161	225	Khel	Doubtful consumption of bedding clothing items	Irregularity	0.244
162	226	1	Loss to government due to un-necessary	Irregularity	0.256

Sr. No.	PDP No.	Name of Formation	Title of Para	Nature of Irregularity	Amount
			purchase of bedding clothing items		
163	227		Doubtful expenditure on account of Repair of Transport	Irregularity	0.058
164	228		Un-lawful award of rate and purchase from un-registered person	Internal Control Weakness	1.014
165	229		Mis-appropriation of government receipt		0.012
166	230		Un-justified drawl of payment of medicine having failed DTL	Internal Control Weakness	0.020
167	231		Loss to government due to non- imposition of penalty	Recovery	0.093
168	233		Un-authorized payments to doctor on account of NPA allowance	Recovery	0.227
169	234		Misclassified Expenditure on Advertisement & Publicity	Internal Control Weakness	0.231
170	235		Overpayment on account of GST	Recovery	0.135
171	236	DO (Social	Doubtful Draw of bills	Irregularity	0.107
172	237	Welfare)	Overpayment on account of GST	Recovery	0.048
173	238		Less Deduction of Income Tax amounting	Recovery	0.014
174	239		Irregular/Doubtful expenditure on Fair & Exhibition	Irregularity	0.140
175	241		1 Overpayment on account of GST	Recovery	0.019
176	242		Less Deduction of Income Tax	Recovery	0.006
177	243		Non Auction of mature Eucalyptus	Irregularity	34.000
178	244	DO (Forest)	Un-cultivated area of 150 acre loss to government	Irregularity	60.000
179	245		Doubtful payment to Kuli without I.D cards	Irregularity	0.065
180	246		Doubtful / Irregular expenditure	Irregularity	0.016
181	247		Non-verification of deposit of government receipt	Internal Control Weakness	-
182	249	RHC	Overpayment on Account of Rular Compensatory Allowance	Recovery	0.038
183	250	Chakrala	Unlawful Purchase of substandard and less Shelf Life Medicine	Internal Control Weakness	0.027
184	251		Un-authorized drawl of payment on account of purchase of medicine having failed DTL	Internal Control Weakness	0.004
185	252		Irregular purchase on excess rates	Irregularity	0.037
186	254		Overpayment on Account of Rural Compensatory Allowance	Recovery	0.023
187	255		Non Deduction of Income Tax on Doctor Share	Recovery	0.012
188	256	RHC Wan	Un-authorized payments to doctor on account of NPA allowance	Recovery	0.030
189	257	Bhachran	Illegal Payment to contractor without DTL	Internal Control Weakness	0.128
190	258		Un-authorized drawl of payment on account of purchase of medicine having failed DTL	Internal Control Weakness	0.071
191	259		Illegal Payment to Contractor of Substandard Medicine	Internal Control Weakness	0.011

Annexure-B

Detail of non production of record

(Rs in million)		
PDP No	Amount	

a			(10)	III IIIIII0II
Sr. No.	Name of Formation	Record Pertaining to	PDP No	Amount
1	DO (Health)	Payment to PRSP Drugs on a/c of BHUs, Records related to staff of BHUs/ ZCD/ MCHC and GRD under PRSP and other contingent payment	22	160.758
2	THQ Isakhel	Cash Book, Payrolls, Medicine Purchase Vouchers, Receipt Record, Log Books and stock Registers and consumption record.	53	1.600
3	DO (Forest)	Record of the office of DO (Forest)	1	0
4	DO (Roads)	Detail of income from road machinery, leave record, personal files and service books	3	0
5	Dy. DO Agriculture (Ext) Isakhel	Record of the office of Dy. DO Agriculture Esa Khel	2	25.186
6	EDO (F&P)	Record of the office of EDO (F&P)	1	4.802
7	EDO (Education)	Leave encashment record	10	1.687
8	Dy. DEO (M-EE) piplan	Leave encashment record	18	7.587
9	Dy. DEO (W-EE) Mianwali	Record of the office of Dy. DEO (W-EE) for the Financial Year 2014-15	27	0.843
10	SMO RHC Mouch	Record of the office of RHC Mouch	19	8.084
11	RHC Targ	Record of the office of RHC Targ	44	0.076
12	General Nursing School Mianwali	Record of the office of General Nursing School, Mianwali	49	5.562
13	EDO (Health)	Drug license record	61	0.822
	•	Total		217.007

Annexure-C

Detail of payments made without DTL Reports

THQ Piplan

Name of Company			Medicine	Qty	Amount (Rs)	Delivery
Demett II.		Syru	p Zinc Sulphate 20mg/5ml	5000	111,150	Received
Barrett Hod	lgson	Eye	Drop Chloramphenicol	500	11,670	Received
Sami Pharma		Inj. Diclofenac Sodium 75mg/3ml		40000	688,800	Not Received
		Cap	sule Tranxemic Acid 500mg	5000	51,000	Received
Bosch Phar	ma	Inj.	Amikacin Sulphate 250mg/ml	1000	27,500	Received
S Ejazud Di Company	in &	Mic	roburette 100ml	1000	158,500	Received
Coral Pharm	na	Blac	k Silk Size 1/0,3mm	200	10,832	Not Received
	Total 1,059,452					
EDO Healt	h					
Token No	oken No Date		Items	Supplier		Amount (Rs)
24264	19.06	5.17	Water Still and Spectrometer	Science Imporium		1,520,000
24255	19.06		Rubber Cufe	Islamabad Su	ırgical	939,000
21035	09.06	5.16	Inj. Dexamentsm	Rehman Son	S	180,000
21035	09.06	5.16	Inj. Anti Rabbies Vaccine	Rehman Son	~	680,000
21036	09.06	5.16	Inj Dexamehtasone	Rehman Son	S	270,000
21036	09.06	5.16	Syp. Metronidazole	Rehman Sons		600,000
23197	16.06	5.17	Inj. Iron Sucralare	Rehman Sons		980,000
21032	09.06	5.17	Inj. Oxytocine etc.	Rehman Sons		1,765,000
21033	09.06	5.17	Syp. Celcium Pasphate	Synchro Pharmaceuticals		1,840,000
23198	26.06	5.17	Inj. Meckride 6ml Inj. Anunctrol	Rehman Sons		2,440,000
24262	19.06	5.17	Medicine	Rehman Sons		2,720,000
					Total	13,934,000

Annexure-D

Name of Medicine	Vendor	Rate/ unit	Qty	Total Amount (Rs)	10 % Performance Guarantee (Rs)
Ciprofloxacin (Hydrochloride) - 500 mg – Tablet	Novartis Pharma	10	20000	200000	20,000
Diclofenac (Sodium) - 50 mg – Tablet	(Pakistan) Ltd.	3.75	50000	187500	18,750
Metronidazole - 400mg - Tablet	Searle Pharma	1.36	50000	68000	6,800
Paracetamol - 1 g /100ml – Injection	Bosch Pharma	51.88	3000	155640	15,564
Sterilized Surgical Gloves	Intra Health	30.89	2000	61780	6,178
Feeding Tube All Sizes	Oriental Sales Corporation	28	280	7840	784
Disposable Syringe 5ml with Needle Blister Pack	Asto Life	7.18	40000	3E+05	28,720
Auto Disposable Syringe 5ml with Needle	Sciences	7.56	35000	3E+05	26,460
Surgical Guaze BPC Cloth 100cm*30m Pack	Cotton Craft	11.39	1500	17085	1,709
Black Silk Size 2/0, 60mm, covered cuttingNeedle Box of 12 Foils	Sindh Medical Store	61.5	1200	73800	7,380
	1323445	132,345			

Detail of Non forfeiture of performance guarantee

Annexure-E

Sr. No.	Month	Name of Contractor	Name of Scheme	Amount (Rs)	
25/25	06/2004	Mr. Ashfaq Ahmed	Const. of B/Wall Govt. Girls H/S Ahmad Khanwala	17,438	
26/26	06/2004	Mr. Nazir Ahmed Qureshi	Const. of B/Wall Govt. Girls P/S Thananwel	16,867	
27/27	06/2004	Muhammad Yousaf Khan	Const. of Lotrine Blook Boys P/S Alam khan wala	23,097	
28/28	08/2004	-do-	Constt. Of Latrine Block Boys P/S Allah Khel	24,487	
29/29	08/2004	Muhammad Iqbal Khan	Const. of B/Wall Boys Elementary School Dhok Mican	14,833	
30/30	08/2004	Ghulam Qasim Khan	Const. of Letrine Block J-Class Room D/Water Boys P/S Churanian wala	35,301	
31/31	08/2004	Muhammad Yousaf Khan	Const. of B/Wall Letrine Block Boys P/S Cheenapura	23,538	
32/32	12/2004	Riaz Ahmed Khan	Const. of Latrine Block Raz Kham Wala	33,094	
33/33	01/2005	Naseer Ullah Khan	Const. of Latrine Block Boys P/S Tokewala/Khehaieb	8,235	
34/35	02/2005	Ali Construction Company	Const. of J-C/Room with Voradah Boys E/S at Soure	33,806	
35/35	03/2005	M/S Bashed Ahmed & Co.	Const. of 11 Nos Besi 1500 sft in P/Type Colony Onfwala	33,536	
36/36	04/2005	Muhammad Iqbal	Const. of Letrine Block Govt. Boys P/S Kala Bagh No.2	10,119	
37/38	04/2005	Muhammad Iqbal	Const. of B/Wall Becmaing Portion BHU Musakhal	10,700	
38/39	08/2005	Khan Gul Khan	Const. of 5 Nos. of Leer Bera 6 Nos. Zila Council Colony Mianwali	16,850	
39/40	08/2005	Jamsheed Khan	Const. of G-17 Bess PIT Colony Mianwali	18,468	
40/41	08/2005	Sher Gul Khan	Const. of 6-Class Rooms with Vor Govt. Co- prehensive H/S Mianwali	10,174	
41/42	12/2006	Rohkari & Co.	Const. of Education Complex Mianwali	10,546	
42/43	03/2007	Riaz Ahmed Khan	Const. of J-Class Room with Var. Lakine Block Boys P/S Khan Khadamwala	17,300	
43/44	-	Shoukat Hayat Khan	Const. of 3 Nos. Gonege + Bat rooms EDO Community Dev. Mianwali	33,128	
46/47	11/2007	Malik shah Jahan	Const. of C-1-14 Treasun staff quarter P/Type Colony Mianwali	15,258	
51/52	-	Muhammad Qadir & Co.	Const. of J-Class Room with Ver. Govt. Girls P/S Sarkia	66,935	
57/60	-	Muhammad Naeem Akhtar	Provision of missing facilities Govt. Boys P/S Burzi	55,265	
		-	Total	528,975	

Detail of non credit of lapsed security

Annexure-F

Project No	Year	Name Of Contractor	Amount (Rs)
1/1	12/2004	Khaliq Dad Khan Contractor	16,800
2/2	04/2007	Raffi Ullah Khan	101,299
3/3	06/2007	Khaliq Dad Khan	18,733
4/4	12/2007	Saeed Akhtar khan	42,045
5/5	12/2007	Sohail Khan Govt Contractor	201,021
6/6	12/2007	Madina Corporation	39,813
7/7	02/2008	Khaliq Dad Khan	61,501
8/8	02/2008	Malik Abdul Aziz	64,102
9/9	04/2011	Hyat Ullah Khan	48,766
10/10	05/2011	Muhammad Ashraf Khan	10,717
11/11	05/2011	Muhammad Ashraf Khan	13,089
12/12	10/2011	Hyat Ullah Khan	223,325
13/13	12/2011	Al Masoom Enterprises	41,713
14/14	12/2011	Ch Akmal and Co	91,905
15/15	11/2012	AR Contractor	47,185
16/17	02/2013	Hafeez Associates	3,982
		Total	1,025,996

Detail of non credit of lapsed security